

FREESTYLE

A. SCORESHEET

(1) The NRHA has revised its standard scorecard for reining to accommodate the special needs of the Freestyle. (See Figure #9.)

(a) “Maneuver description” – Each of the 7 required maneuvers are outlined above a specific box. Box #8 is for scoring circles, transitional maneuvers and non-required maneuvers.

(b) The line containing the “Draw/Exhibitor” box is divided into a top and bottom row. The top row is used to record any appropriate penalties and the bottom to record required maneuver scores as performed. Each maneuver box may contain multiple scores if the maneuver is performed more than once during the program.

(c) “Penalties” are to be assessed during each maneuver in which they occur and each time they occur; for example, penalties associated with lead changes will appear in the #3 and #4 boxes respectively and may be multiple if occurring more than once.

(d) The scoring of maneuvers in Freestyle remains consistent with the guidelines set forth in *NRHA Handbook*. Maneuvers are scored in $\frac{1}{2}$ point increments from a low of $-1\frac{1}{2}$ (extremely poor quality) to a high of $+1\frac{1}{2}$ (excellent quality) with 0 denoting an average or correct maneuver with little or no degree of difficulty. The “Score” boxes below the “Draw/Exhibitor” box line are used to record the official score of each required maneuver. The scores in the corresponding box above will be “averaged” and dropped down as a single official score recorded in the “Score” box. In the event a score averages a fraction other than those of $\frac{1}{2}$ point increments allowed in the scoring range, one should follow the standard mathematical practices of rounding. This will allow for the scoring of the maneuver as a “required” maneuver as well as an additional score for each time the maneuver occurs during the remainder of the performance. The required and additional scores from the “Draw/Exhibitor” box line are considered notes by the judge to aid in his/her evaluation of the maneuver designated for that box. They are not considered an official score. The total scores on the score line minus any penalties incurred (added or subtracted from 70), result in the final official score of the performance.

EXAMPLES:

Box #1 (4 L spins)

Scored a $+\frac{1}{2}$ for the required maneuver

Scored a 0 and $-\frac{1}{2}$ for additional maneuvers

Therefore, average score = 0

Box #1 (4 L spins)

Scored a 0 for the required maneuver

Scored a $+\frac{1}{2}$ and a $+\frac{1}{2}$ for additional maneuvers

Therefore, average score = .33, rounded up to a $+\frac{1}{2}$

Box #1 (4 L spins)

Scored a $-\frac{1}{2}$ for the required maneuver

0 and $-\frac{1}{2}$ for additional maneuvers

Therefore, average score = $-.33$, rounded down to a $-\frac{1}{2}$

(e) Box #8 may include multiple scores for any transitional maneuvers, circles that have not been evaluated in conjunction with another maneuver, or other non-required maneuvers as they occur. Scores are averaged and recorded in the “Score” box #8 as an overall score.

(f) If a required maneuver is not performed, the maneuver box will be blank indicating failure to perform all the required maneuvers resulting in a score of 0.

(g) In the event an “artistic impression” judge is not present, a box for an overall artistic impression score is available under the Total Penalty Box. Artistic impression may be scored in $\frac{1}{2}$ point increments from a low of -2 to a high of $+2$. This score should consider the suitability of music, choreography and presentation of the ride.

B. SCORING PENALTIES

(1) **General Scoring Guidelines.** Scoring Freestyle requires the same rigor and diligence be applied to determine the quality of a maneuver as in any other reining class. The *NRHA Handbook* specifies that Freestyle allow the exhibitor to use maneuvers creatively but the evaluation of those maneuvers remain consistent with guidelines set forth in the *NRHA Handbook* (i.e., a 0 maneuver is the same in Freestyle as any other class). The scoring range for Freestyle maneuvers shall remain from $-1\frac{1}{2}$ to $+1\frac{1}{2}$ in $\frac{1}{2}$ point increments.

(2) **Artistic Impression.** NRHA judges score the artistic impression of a performance from -2 to $+2$ using the following criteria:

1. Choreography: This refers to the planning and arranging of movements, steps and patterns for dancing in rhythm with the music. Ask, does the pattern flow in time and cadence with the music? If not it does not meet this parameter, it should get a (-) for this area; if it does, the ride should get merit (+). Some pieces may have partial choreography but places where it is absent, and thus a (0) for this component.

2. Originality: Ask, does this presentation bring “anything new” to the development of Freestyle Reining? New moves, maneuvers, ways of presenting the required maneuvers, increased difficulty, etc? Score accordingly (+, 0, -).

3. Musicality: This refers to how music is used in the presentation to develop the theme or “mood” of the piece/performance. Did what was presented appeal to the senses and the emotional aspects of the ride, be it serious/humorous/romantic, etc? Score accordingly (+, 0, -)

4. Presentation & Balance: This simply said, refers to how well the ride plays to all areas of the audience; does it cover the entire arena and entertain all areas of the audience equally? Score according, (+, 0, -)

A judge should consider each of these and whether the exhibitor met this parameter will give a (+) or did not consider the parameter evident in the ride (-). Accordingly a horse that does all of these (receives a (+) in all 4 categories) would be awarded a $+2$ for the artistic impression. While a ride that does none of these (-) for all

categories would conversely receive a -2 for artistic impression.

(3) Required Maneuvers. The required maneuvers include four (4) consecutive spins to the left, four (4) consecutive spins to the right, three (3) stops, and at least one (1) lead change in both directions. The technical judge(s) will ascertain if all requirements are met using the Freestyle Score Sheet. Failure to perform all of the required maneuvers will result in a score of 0.

(4) Penalty Application and Maneuver Scoring. The following shall result in a score of 0; failure to perform all the required maneuvers, fall to the ground by the horse or rider, balking, refusal of command, running away where it is obviously not part of the performance, equipment failure that delays the pattern even if the failure is part of the costume or a prop, and exceeding the four (4) minute time limit. (Show management should be responsible for timing and verifying the length of performances 0. However, not to be considered for a score of 0; use of two hands, changing of hands, use of no hands on the reins, altering the tension of the reins with a romal, or the inclusion of nontraditional, cued, or trained responses. For example, a horse taught to lie down as part of the performance is not to be considered a fall to the ground. Since no set pattern is specified in Freestyle, inclusion of maneuvers not required must not be considered a penalty situation.

(a) Judges are asked to apply more liberal guidelines in deciding what equipment/tack is allowable in the freestyle class. All equipment must meet general guidelines regarding mouthpiece size, shank length, port height, curb chain width and flatness or any other aspect that would affect whether it would be considered abusive or not. Not to be considered for disqualification would include:

1. Rope mouthpieces, if of adequate diameter ($\frac{5}{16}$ "") soft and non-abrasive.
2. Cavisons, if used as part of a traditional English presentation or elsewhere, if appropriate, as long as they are loose and not the dropped style.
3. Slinkies or other head covering as long as they allow free movement of the jaw and the horse's vision is not impaired.
4. A bridleless presentation with a neck rope/reins, as long as the neck rope is smooth and loose. A judge is encouraged to halt any ride when safety and control becomes a concern.
5. Other untraditional equipment is allowable at the judge's discretion, considering its abusiveness or suitability. Exhibitors are encouraged to discuss any special equipment with a judge prior to the class as to its suitability.

(b) Jogging is allowed in Freestyle if it is in an obvious part of the performance. However, in an instance where a jog should not be present, as in exiting a rollback or a canter departure, the proper penalty should be applied.

(c) All situations which result in a no score according to NRHA rules for judging are applicable in Freestyle. Penalties, which would result in a no score, would include; any act of abuse to the horse or any animal used in Freestyle, any act of unsportsmanlike conduct, the use of illegal equipment or failure to provide horse and equipment to the appropriate judge for inspection.

- (d)** All five (5) point penalties apply in Freestyle except holding the saddle with the free hand. Also, the inclusion of an obvious cued or trained maneuver (i.e. a rear) should not be considered a blatant disobedience. The exhibitors will only be judged astride. Therefore, any movements performed off the horse must only be considered in the artistic impression score.
- (e)** Two (2) point penalties must be applied for freezing up in spins or rollbacks, and for break of gait. However, no penalty shall apply to markers or walking to the center for a departure.
- (f)** All lead penalties apply in the case where the judge is certain the exhibitor has not asked the horse to be on the incorrect lead. Typically it is easy to discern between a counter canter demonstration and a horse failing to respond to a rider's lead change command. In the unusual instance a judge is not clear as to whether a horse is failing to comply with the rider's lead command or demonstrating a counter canter, the benefit of doubt should always go to the rider as with all NRHA penalties.
- (g)** Failure to remain a minimum of 20 feet from the wall or fence shall not result in a ½ point penalty. However, fencing a horse to stops is not desirable and judges are encouraged to reflect this by reducing the maneuver score (i.e. a horse stopping within 10 feet in front of the fence should not be considered for a positive score on the stop.)
- (h)** When a stop is followed by a rollback or a backup it should be considered as one maneuver. If a stop is followed by a canter, jog or other transitional maneuvers, the stop is to be scored independently. Exhibitors are required to perform at least 4 consecutive spins. In the even an additional consecutive spins are performed, the maneuver score should reflect the quality of all the spins and an increased degree of difficulty. Several consecutive lead changes may be scored individually or as a group. When scoring consecutive lead changes as a group, a maneuver score must be assessed for each directional change reflecting their overall quality and degree of difficulty.
- (i)** Non-required or transitional maneuvers that add or detract from the technical merit of the ride should be scored and averaged as the overall score in the eighth box of the Freestyle Score Sheet (See Figure #9.)
- (j)** Circles may be evaluated in conjunction with a required maneuver such as a lead change or a stop, or at the judge(s) discretion may be scored separately as a transitional maneuver. The fact that circles are not required maneuvers is not to diminish their importance in providing the exhibitor a method to demonstrate a horse's ability to guide and willingness to be controlled.
- (k)** When judging Freestyle, judges have the option of conference and/or videotape review when major penalties five (5) point, 0 score and no score) occur and should follow the procedures as set forth in the *NRHA Handbook*. In any instance where a judge is uncertain as to whether or not a penalty has occurred, the benefit of doubt should always go to the rider. ♦